1. Introduction

Mechanical metamaterials are material which properties are depended on their macroscopic structure. These properties can be mechanical, optical, acoustic or electrostatic. One of groups of mechanical metamaterials are so-called auxetic materials – which have negative Poisson’s ratio. The Poisson’s ratio for the homogenous, isotropic elastic solid material is the negative ratio of transverse to longitudinal strain at every point in a body under longitudinal loading. Isotropic materials have Poisson’s ratio greater than -1 and less than 0.5. Anisotropic materials haven’t these boundaries. To obtain the maximal value of Poisson’s ratio are used methods of topology optimization and Finite Element Method. In this paper will be presented the results of topology optimization by means of various methods and the comparison between them.

2. Subject of optimization

The subject of optimization is an area limited by various shapes with boundary conditions: on the top – loading force, on the bottom and left side: roller condition and on the left side – free condition. In the Fig. 1 and Fig. 2 are presented two examples of optimized area.

3. Results

The results of optimizations are found by filling the shape with two materials with positive initial values of Poisson’s ratios. Initial parameter of optimization is also the percentage of the first material in the whole shape. In the Fig. 3 and Fig. 4. are shown the examples of results – final shapes built by two materials with minimal effective Poisson’s (the colours mean the two materials).
4. Summary

The results show that the topology optimization method can lead to obtain the negative Poisson’s ratio in the earlier defined geometry. The domain is filled by two materials with initial positive Poisson’s ratio. The result can be less than -1.

5. References

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References